

THE BULLETIN:  
BY E. H. BRITTON.  
OFFICE, NO. 16 TAYLOR STREET,  
Under Chinese Hall, on the second floor.  
TERMS FOR PAPER:  
THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered  
SIX DOLLARS per annum, IN ADVANCE.  
THE TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN will be published  
every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning,  
and supplied for \$4.00 per annum, payable in advance.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Southern Express Company forward packages by Passenger Trains and Steamers, and Despatches by Telegraph, to all parts of the Country.

Awful News.

FROM ROANOKE ISLAND.

COLUMBIA, S. C. Feb. 10.  
Editor Bulletin:  
A private dispatch just received here from the highest authority states that Roanoke Island has been taken by the enemy. Our loss in killed, wounded and prisoners captured amounts to 3000.  
O. JENNINGS WISE, Editor of the Richmond Enquirer is mortally wounded.  
The enemy landed fifteen thousand strong and we were forced to surrender after our ammunition gave out.  
It is supposed that the enemy's loss will reach 1000.

Occupation of the Island.

RICHMOND, Feb. 10.—A steamer arrived to-night with the intelligence that the Federalists took Roanoke Island yesterday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Federal force 15,000, landed, against less than 3,000 Confederates.  
All our troops were taken prisoners except 25. Many officers were wounded; among them O. Jennings Wise, who, it is thought is mortally. Capt. Cole of Charlotteville is reported killed. Particulars meagre, but it is certain that Gen. Wise was not captured.

From Roanoke Island.

Received at Telegraph Office Feb. 10, at Bulletin Office, 4:30 p. m.

RICHMOND, Feb. 10.—An officer from the Confederate steamer Curlew, just from Roanoke Island, reports that the Curlew was sunk by the enemy. The other Confederate boats then withdrew to Elizabeth City, for want of ammunition.

A large body of Federals, supposed to be 5,000, landed yesterday at Roanoke Island. Their landing was intentionally permitted, so as to meet them on shore.

It is reported our troops engaged the enemy vigorously. The battle raged terrifically all day. Our batteries were not injured. No casualties reported.

A flag of truce went to-day to Fort Monroe and will return this evening. The battle reported at Roanoke Island on Saturday commenced at 9 a. m. All batteries continued operations for half an hour, under this fire.

The enemy landed 500 at the South end of the island, being a marshy locality. The Confederates charged them cheering, when the enemy retreated in disorder and attempted to reach the Gun Boats.

Confederate reinforcements reached the island on Friday night.

Ammunition was abundant and we were well provisioned on the island.

During the attack, four Federal vessels were sunk. The Curlew was only beached. A large ball struck her deck and passed through her bottom. All aboard and her ammunition were saved.

The Commander of the Confederate steamer Forrest made a gallant fight although somewhat wounded. One midshipman lost an arm.

Fifty Federal vessels were off the island but only 20 Gun boats were engaged.

It is understood that the Confederate fleet retired to Elizabeth City to obtain supplies which they found and promptly returned reinvigorated.

News from the North.

Received at Telegraph Office, Feb. 10, 1862, at Bulletin Office, 3:55 p. m.

By a flag of truce, the New York Herald of the 8th has been received. In its report of the taking of Fort Henry it says: The fight lasted 20 minutes; Federals fired 240 rounds into the fort. 33 Federal killed. Gen. Tilden and staff, one colonel, 2 Captains and 30 privates were made prisoners.

Hall's dispatch to McClellan, dated St. Louis, 7th, says: "Fort Henry is ours, the Flag of the Union is re-established upon the soil of Tennessee, never to be removed."

Congress is greatly elated at the victory. A letter from Thurlow Weed, at Paris, dated Jan. 31, says: "Napoleon would announce to the Corps Legislative his intention to interfere in American affairs."

Congressman.—The Senate has passed a Bill appropriating \$10,000,000 for the construction of 30 iron-clad Gun Boats. A bill authorizing the issue of an additional \$10,000,000 demand notes has also passed the Senate.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 7.—Fort Donelson will be attacked to-morrow. The Confederates from Fort Henry retreated to Paris, leaving a part of their guns. Federal Cavalry are in pursuit.

Pittsburg, Feb. 7.—Confederates evacuated Romney last night.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The War Department has received a dispatch which says Gen. Lander occupies Romney. The Confederates have withdrawn.

The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VI.—NO. 832.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. TUESDAY, FEB. 11, 1862.

[\$6 PER ANNUM.

Office of C. R. R. Co.  
Company Shops, Jan. 17, 1862.  
All persons having notes or accounts against this Company are hereby requested to present them without delay at this Office for settlement. All running accounts must be sent in at the close of each year; in no case will such accounts be considered as entitled to interest.  
JOHN H. BRYAN, Jr., Sec'y.  
Jan. 17, 1862—4m

ATTENTION BATTALION.  
Just received a Patent Combination Shot and Core for Camp use. Also an assortment of heavy Army Underclothes, Drawers, India Rubber Overalls and Pants, Enamelled Oil Cloth Coats. For sale at  
KAHNWEILER & BROS.  
January 25, 1862—4f

MILITARY BUTTONS, &c.  
Received per Steamer Isabel, Gold Epulettes for Commissioned Officers, Military Buttons, Gold Lace, Pistols, &c.  
Call upon  
KAHNWEILER & BROS.  
Jan. 25, 1862—4f

ENGLISH GOODS.  
A splendid assortment of Prints, Striped Osnaburg, Flannel and English Cotton Goods, per Steamer Bermuda.  
For sale at  
KAHNWEILER & BROS.  
Jan. 25, 1862—4f

COTTON LACES, &c.  
We are selling off our splendid stock of Needle Work, comprising Sleeves and Collars, French and English worked Bands, Edging and Inserting, Thread, Linen and Cotton Laces, as usual, low prices.  
Selling very fast at  
KAHNWEILER & BROS.  
Jan. 25, 1862—4f

SCUPPERNON WINE.  
Superior articles of Scuppernon WINE, in bottles for family use. For sale at  
KAHNWEILER & BROS.  
Jrn. 25, 1862—4f

Particular Attention!  
If there will be a change in our firm, our customers will do us a great favor by calling and settling their accounts and notes.  
Our terms hereafter are strictly cash.  
KAHNWEILER & BROS.  
Aug. 11, 1861—4f

NOTICE.  
All claims against the Sundry and Harness establishment of the subscriber will be settled by Mr. E. Shaw; and all indebted to the same will please make payment to him, as it is necessary to close up the outstanding business.  
J. H. H. PRITCHARD.  
Nov. 27, '61—4f

J. G. WILKINSON & CO.,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN  
FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER  
AND  
Plated Ware.  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

J. S. PHILLIPS,  
Merchant Tailor.  
Having located in Charlotte, respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.  
A complete assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings always on hand, which will be made to order at the shortest notice, after the latest fashion.  
Shop three doors South of the Mansion House.  
Nov. 15—4f

WILLIAMS & OATES,  
TRADE STREET,  
Cotton Buyers, Grocers & Produce  
Dealers,  
Agents for Kalamazoo's Montpelier Omelette and Lord's Corned Beef.  
ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.  
May 17—4f

John T. Butler,  
Practical Watch and Clock Maker, Jeweller &c., Main Street, Charlotte, S. C., opposite Kram's Hotel, dealer in fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., &c.  
All work done in the establishment warranted.

WILKINSON, Charlotte and  
Rutherford Road.  
TRANSPORTATION OFFICE, W. P. D. and after Monday the 10th instant the Passenger and Mail Trains will be run on the Road daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

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# THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.  
DAILY BULLETIN, (per annum) \$5.00.  
WEEKLY BULLETIN, (per annum) \$1.00.  
CATAWBA JOURNAL, (per annum) \$1.00.

## NORTHERN NEWS.

**FORTRESS MONROE, FEB. 3, VIA BALTIMORE.**—The steamer *Chippewa*, which left the blockade off Wilmington, N. C., arrived here this morning, and reports everything quiet in that vicinity. The *Chippewa* encountered western gales during the whole passage. She passed close to Hatteras, and saw a large fleet of vessels inside, at anchor. She heard firing. The steamers *Hartford* and *Monticello* were met off Albemarle sound. The *Monticello* left here yesterday for the blockade off Wilmington.

The *Constitution* is still here, and will sail as soon as possible.

## ANOTHER EXPEDITION PROPOSED.

The *Fortress Monroe* correspondent of the *Philadelphia Enquirer* writes:

It is a great pity our government does not hurry up the expedition for York river, as an advance up there would meet with but little resistance; and a short distance beyond Yorktown, the railroad to Richmond would be seized, positively placing General Wool's army in the rear of the rebel army of the Potomac, within two days march of the rebel capital, Richmond. An expedition up the right bank of the James river from Newport News would be practicable. The latter river could be easily crossed at Hog Island, and the Petersburg and Norfolk railroad seized; and Norfolk, cut off from communication with Richmond, would be at the mercy of Burnside entirely.

## THE BURNING OF THE "CONTRABANDS" GOING OVER TO THE YANKEES.

The army of "contrabands" is increasing about Fortress Monroe. A correspondent there writes:

The army of contrabands already here received an accession of about fifty able-bodied men from Newport News yesterday. They came over in boats from Pig Point and Craney Island the night previously. They say there are "plenty more come" as soon as they get the chance. Some of this last batch came from Norfolk. One of them, a very bright mulatto, who has recently been acting as a butler to a wealthy planter in Matthews county, says that the fortifications at Gloucester are poor, mounting only sixteen or seventeen guns. These works are intended to throw a cross fire with those at the lower end of Yorktown, which latter, he says, number four or five ordinary earthworks, mounting heavy marine pieces. This contraband says the rebels drill about five hundred men at Gloucester, and he supposes the whole force there is about fifteen hundred. At Yorktown, he thinks there cannot be more than seven thousand able-bodied men, many of whom are in a miserable state of discipline.

## The War in the West—Capture of Fort Henry in Tennessee.

Dispatches were received at the War Department yesterday confirming the intelligence which is reported in our telegraphic column this morning of the capture of Fort Henry, in Tennessee, by the Yankees. The dispatches are meagre and add nothing to what has been received over the wires by the press. No statement of loss is given, and it is supposed that the whole of the garrison escaped.

Fort Donelson, towards which it is reported our force was retreating, is on the Cumberland river, and is an important post, as it defends the city of Memphis.

Fort Henry is nothing more than a mud fort, near the Tennessee railroad; but the burning, by the Yankees, of the bridge over the river must be taken as a more serious disaster, as the communication between Bowling Green and Columbus is, to this extent, interrupted.

The expedition of the enemy, however, does not appear to have accomplished any important result, as the government made no pretence of seriously defending the point they have possessed. There seems to be an impression that the enemy, who are extravagantly reported to be twenty thousand strong, might be cut off by Gen. Johnston; but a movement of this sort, which would require rapidly, seems to be practically impossible from what we learn of the condition of the roads in Kentucky.

In the direction of Bowling Green there is said to be little prospect of a fight, or of an early advance movement of the enemy. General Buell, who is in command of the Federal forces in this department, is said to be in no condition to advance, being yet engaged in collecting his army and getting it in trim; and besides this, the roads are represented as absolutely impassable to an advance from any quarter. Rain had been falling almost incessantly, the season being unusually wet, and the soil, which in this section of Kentucky is composed of clay and limestone, was converted into something so sticky

skin to mortar as to defy the evolutions of troops.

Through official and reliable statements, the force of General Buell is ascertained to be 65,000 men.

## CHARLOTTE.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1862.

### Important News.

Highly important news by Telegraph will be found in this morning's edition.

During the present month we expect stirring times on the lines of our defenses.

### Gen. Crittenden.

We copied from the *Memphis Avalanche* and published in our columns a few days since a very serious charge against this officer's serving under the Confederate Government, and in command when Gen. Zollicoffer fell in the battle of "Beach Grove," and we take pleasure in giving, to-day, from the same source, what we regard a refutation of a base slander. The article referred to will be found in another column.

### ABUSE OF GOOD THINGS.

We have been pained to learn that in Pickens district, of this State—a noble district which has sent forth already, if we do not mistake, four and twenty companies of patriot soldiers, there are in operation not less than one hundred and fifty distilleries. A good Providence gave us last year a bountiful crop of corn, and now men are busy converting it into the means of death and destruction. The chief victims we suppose are to be our brave soldiers who have left home and family for the war. There in their exposure to the inclemency of the winter and to the temptations of the camp, they are to be following by the produce perhaps of their own cornfields in this dangerous and seductive form. They are to be tempted to ruin and disgrace by devilish skill which knows how to turn blessings into a curse.—*Columbia (S. C.) Guardian.*

The above contains an acknowledgment well calculated to stir the blood of every true patriot and suggests the inquiry—Is there no remedy?

It is our opinion that the distiller has a perfect right to convert his property into whiskey if he prefers to use it in that way in preference to using it for bread; but he may be importuned and persuaded to desist under the extraordinary circumstances that surround us as a people.

If a law is passed prohibiting the distillation of liquor during the war may not that policy work out other serious consequences? To place upon the distiller a tariff, will not be felt by him, for it will be paid by the consumer.

We conclude that the only efficient remedy that can be adopted, if distillers refuse to stop their distilleries during the war, is to pass a very rigid and prohibitory penal law, inflicting upon the owner of a distillery a fine of five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for one, two, or three years when detected in manufacturing.

### A New Railroad.

We learn (says the *Richmond Examiner*) of the 9th inst., that a bill is to be considered to-day in the House of Delegates giving a charter, and making an appropriation of \$125,000 for connecting Winchester and Strasburg by railroad. The connection seems to involve some really important considerations of military necessity, as establishing communication between our armies on the upper and lower Potomac.

### Danville Connection Ordinance Passed.

The ordinance authorizing the connection of the towns of Greensboro' and Danville by Railroad, (says the *Register*, of 8th inst.) after a discussion of three days, passed the Convention on Thursday evening by a majority of 26 votes. This ordinance merely gives a naked charter to a company desiring to build the road, or to the Confederate States, in, in pursuance of President Davis's message, they conceive it to be "a military necessity."

The question of connecting the Richmond and Danville Railroad with the North Carolina Road has been for a long time past an exciting and embittering one. It has now found a settlement, but with what results of good or evil to North Carolina, time alone can tell. Let us hope that the time when they have contended that, so far from injuring the best interests of the State, the connection will contribute greatly to their promotion, may, in the sequel, prove to have been true prophets.

### The Virginia Border.

Intelligence, supposed to be reliable, has been received in this city, (says the *Richmond Examiner*), that a body of the enemy's cavalry, which it was thought, had been driven out of the Sandy Valley by General Marshall's force, made an advance up Sandy river again last week, and succeeded in regaining possession of Prestonsburg and Pikeville. A number of the citizens of Prestonsburg are reported to have been taken prisoners. It is supposed that the enemy contemplate wintering in that place or Pikeville, while their cavalry will plunder and steal in the border counties of Virginia.

### Worthy of Record.

The *Richmond Examiner* has been informed by a member of the medical staff in Richmond, of an act of liberality on the part of one of the city pastors, which, however, is not by him as a private charity, we think deserves the notice of the public and the grateful recognition of our soldiers. It appears that Rev. Moses D. Hoge, of the Second Presbyterian Church, has, besides his pastoral duties, been serving as chaplain in the Confederate army, and was, a few days ago, tendered the pay of six months' salary as him from the government. The pay was refused by the reverend gentleman, with the particular request that the whole amount of his salary should be devoted to the needs of indigent and suffering soldiers in such manner as the Secretary of War might determine; in consequence of which request the money has been donated to the soldiers' hospital. It is such noble charity as this that will win the Christian character and attest the patriotic spirit of the people.

### Then and Now.

The *Memphis Chronicle*, from whose columns we copied a few days since the account of the starting news from Bowling Green, which it vouched for and promised to give in detail in its next issue, refers to its publication as follows:

ANOTHER BIG LIE.—The reported battle at Bowling Green, Ky., which we stopped the press last week to announce, proves to be a "canard" of the first magnitude. Well, we were not the only one fooled by it; but then that is no comfort or consolation. The whole Virginia Legislature was hoodwinked by the report.

We shall never credit another battle telegraphed to Danville. If those wires ever told the truth we would like to hear when it was.

### From Fort Royal.

"We learn" (says the *Charleston Courier*) from a reliable source, that on the morning of the 3d instant, the enemy, approached Red Bluff, throwing shells and looking for masked batteries. They kept up a steady fire until about 3 o'clock, p. m. On the morning of the 4th a party of them came on shore and landed near the plantation of Mr. S. Whitehead and wretchedly killed two of his horses, one of them having been shot about twenty times. The horses were grazing on the plantation. They carried off seven of his negroes and other property. They burned a house, the property of Mr. Box, and one shot went through the house of Mr. Whitehead. They also destroyed his books and broke his crockeryware. Since their withdrawal Mr. W. has succeeded in saving his cotton.

The steamer that is ashore at New River was not fired on by our troops, in consequence of the wide extent of marsh. Our small guns would not have much effect. The steamer no doubt will be a total loss, as several gunboats are seen at high water taking out provisions and furniture.

The obstructions placed in the river near Red Bluff, have been partly removed by the enemy. There are still four vessels in Wall's Cut.

### Return of one of the Sumter's Officers.

The Vicksburg Whig of the 28th inst., says: Midshipman W. B. Hicks, of this city, arrived here a day or two ago from New York. Mr. Hicks, it will be remembered embarked on the privateer *Sumter*, and was subsequently put in charge of a Yankee vessel captured by the *Sumter*. While endeavoring to run into a Confederate port the prize was recaptured by a Federal man of war, and together with the crew, taken to New York. Mr. Hicks was fortunately the possessor of a snug little sum of money, which he exhibited to the Yankee officer who had him in charge, after his arrival in New York. The temptation was irresistible, and the officer consented to let his captive go for the sum offered, which was agreed to.—Mr. Hicks then started home via Canada. On arriving at Evansville, Indiana, he ascertained that the *Sumter* had been drawn in, when he immediately started for Hopkinsville, Ky., and reached our lines in safety.

### The Bridge Burners.

Of President Davis's threat in relation to the Missouri bridge burners, the *N. Y. Herald* says:

It is probable that the news of the recent order of the War Department, directing the privateersmen to be regarded as prisoners of war, had not reached rebeldom when this last message was sent from Richmond. The sentiment expressed by those who know the purport of the message is, that the officer who brought it, thereby disgracing the flag of truth, should have been retained and hung with the bridge burners.

The names of those convicted of taking part in the railway destruction, and now under sentence of death, are John C. Tompkins, Wm. J. Forsyth, John Patton, Thos. M. Smith, Stephen Scott, Geo. A. Cunningham, Richard B. Crowder and George M. Pullam.

In regard to their conviction the order says:

The findings are approved and the sentences awarded them will be carried into effect at the time and place to be hereafter designated by the General commanding the department. Brigadier General B. M. Prentiss will notify the prisoners of the decision of the Commission in their respective cases, and warn them to prepare for the execution. He will see that the prisoners are thoroughly guarded, so as to prevent the possibility of escape. Any one attempting to escape will be instantly shot down.

### WRITE TO THE SOLDIERS.

Could I through your paper pen a sentence that would reach effectively every Southern reader who may have a relative, a friend or acquaintance in the army, that sentence would be written to the soldiers. There are many of them far from home, among strangers, and enduring every toil and privation for their country. A line or word, will nerve their hearts and cheer them on. Go to our crowded postoffice, as I go. See the war-worn soldier's anxiety as he asks for a letter; see him get it, eagerly break the seal and read the pen-tracings of loved ones at home. Often I've seen the lip tremble, and the eye dilate, and even the tear glisten, as line upon line was read. Some father, mother, sister or wife, or sweetheart, has sent him words of cheer. You can see him grasp his weapon tighter, carefully fold his letter, and with a firmer tread and more elastic spirit, return to duty. On the other hand, look at the bitter, cruel, stinging disappointment of the soldier who, day after day, goes for an expected letter, and finding none, turns away with saddened heart, feeling that no one cared for him. Again, let me say, WRITE TO THE SOLDIERS.

### NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The Delta says that butter, lard, eggs and poultry, for which we have heretofore depended almost altogether on the Northwest, have never been so abundant in this city. They are all, however, of home production. Prices are not unreasonable. All these articles are declining in rates, and will soon reach the old standard. Give us free and cheap transportation and the South will be the cheapest and most comfortable country in the world to live in.

### Gen. Crittenden.

From the *Memphis Avalanche*.

KNOXVILLE, Feb. 1, 1862.

DE. FOWLER—Dear Sir: A Colonel here, who was wounded in the battle at Beech Grove, tells us that Zollicoffer and all the field officers approved of General Crittenden's plans and movements. The battle was a matter of necessity, and a victory would have resulted but for the falling of a creek, that was supposed impassable; and then the death of Zollicoffer, who fell in the presence of the Tennesseans, caused our troops to give way. "Wait for the wagon," before you believe all the stories you hear, which originated in the troubled brains of fugitives.

### SOLD LIEUTENANT.

With more than common pleasure we give publicity to the above note from our correspondent. We regret exceedingly the appearance of the letter of our associate from Nashville, which contained the statement of Mr. Smith, that impugned the integrity and loyalty of Gen. Crittenden. We are frank to say that we did not ourselves believe the imputations contained in that statement, so far as it reflected upon the loyalty of that gentleman; and had we seen the letter before its publication, we should have advised the suppression of so much of it as assailed Crittenden's honor, until we had further information and a full confirmation of so grave a charge. It now seems the battle was fought under the sanction of Gen. Zollicoffer and all the field officers; and even at that period the engagement was not a matter of choice, but of necessity; we should certainly have achieved a victory, and the opinion now prevalent but for the conditions of a creek, which all misjudged. All men may miscalculate; but we are told necessity compelled Gen. Crittenden to fight and that all concurred in this necessity. We have also been informed from another quarter that Gen. Crittenden was entirely cool, and that he conducted himself as became a brave and gallant officer, upon that occasion.

We, of course, do not know personally any of the facts, and we find it extremely difficult to even approximate the truth, so varying and so conflicting are the rumors which fill the air after such a battle; for each one who skulks himself must make of some one higher in command than himself a scape-goat for his own delinquencies.

It is understood that Gen. C. has occasionally been temperate, and his weakness has doubtless, prepared, together with the defeat and the death of Zollicoffer, the public mind to give credence to any rumor or charge however monstrous and damning.

We hope the injustice which has been done Gen. Crittenden may bring his mind to at once nobly resolve that he will, during the war if not forever, abstain from the use of intoxicating drink, and yet win for himself a fame that shall mock to scorn all who have fabricated statements to slander and degrade his name.

Slander and defamation are poor returns by a generous people to one who has staked upon the field of battle his own life for his success. We are not of those who would detract from him, or of any other brave and chivalrous spirit, who perils all in our defense and for the vindication of our rights and liberty. Our associate reported it as a statement on definite authority and for what it was worth, only. He erred without motive to injure unjustly, we feel justified in saying, from all we know in the premises.

Satisfied of gross injustice to a gallant soldier and an accomplished man, we make the fullest amends now in our power, from a sense of duty to him and the country, and we feel called up to do so because from our columns emanated the statement upon which the charge of disloyalty rests.

We believe Gen. Crittenden a gentleman pure and above suspicion, as well as a brave and gallant soldier.

The error seems the error of a companion judgment of the whole command—an error that cost us much loss of men and mortification of wounded pride, yet, some of the noblest spirits belonging to our army. We can only retrieve the loss by Spartan bravery and the united energies of a great people. Shall we do it?

### Wait till the Twelve Months' Volunteers go Home.

The following piece of policy is suggested by the *New York Herald*:

The present armies of the rebels were enlisted for one year, under the idea that within this limitation King Cotton would call in England and France and settle the question. The year, however, to a large body of the rebel troops, is drawing to a close, and just as the Government of the Union is beginning to show its strength. Our troops, enlisted for three years, are all right; but with the expiration of the one year of the rebel volunteers thousands of them will go home to look after their families and private affairs; for they have been depending on this important privilege, and they will have it, unless forcibly detained. That they will, however, be thus detained by some compulsory process is very probable, from the discussions of the subject going on at Richmond; but that this fighting upon compulsion will tend to demoralize the rebel army, and thus do much to disorganize and break up the rebellion itself, we think is very likely.

### BEAUREGARD AND PRYOR.

We suppose there is no doubt that General Beauregard will go to Columbus. We are truly delighted with the appointment of so capable a commander to so important a position. It will give fresh vigor and energy in that quarter, strengthen and inspire the confidence of the army and strike terror into the hearts of the enemy. We learn that Roger A. Pryor is to accompany Gen. Beauregard as an aid. This is another right man in the right place. Roger Pryor, as every body knows, is a dashing, high-spirited gentleman, and an officer of ability. He gives up a seat in Congress to share the rugged fortunes of war upon the tented field.—*Nashville Tennessean.*

### COLUMBUS.

We have nothing of special importance from this point. An attack is

### expected, and every preparation is making.

The mode and manner of the Federal attack is, of course, kept to themselves. Gen. Polk is vigilant—he is cool and brave. He has much to commend him as a commander. General Lee has much to commend him as a soldier, and must overcome, but the end will prove that he possesses a high order of military capabilities. We mean the full import of our language.—*Ibid.*

How the *Chippewa*.—We do not expect, from all we can learn, that Gen. Buell will make an attack soon, if ever, at this place. We have most to fear from an entrance into East Tennessee from the Federal army just now—judging from all we can gather.—*Ibid.*

### BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

A special meeting of the Stock Holders of this Bank will be held in the City of Raleigh on SATURDAY THE 15th INSTANT, by order of the Board of Directors, on business of the Highest Importance. A punctual attendance is requested. C. DEWEY, Cashier. Raleigh, Feb. 8, 1862—St.

### NOTICE.

All persons indebted to us by book account will please call and settle the same, as our books must be closed. One of us may always be found at the office of Dr. G. W. Caldwell. Feb 7th P. C. & J. W. CALDWELL.

### VALUABLE MACHINERY.

AT AUCTION.

SALISBURY, N. C. January 29, '62.

ON Thursday February 28th 1862, I will sell at

### PUBLIC AUCTION,

to the highest bidder for CASH, at the Confederate States Military Prison in Salisbury, a large lot of

### Valuable Machinery,

formerly used in the "Rowan Cotton Factory," consisting of

Looms, Shuttles, Pulleys,

Rollers, Cylinders, Shaft-hangers,

Cog-wheels, Shuttles, Bobbins,

Cast-iron Pipes, Old Iron, &c.

A. M. HENRY MCCOY, Feb 1-1a w-4v.

### STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

We have a steam SAW MILL of four horse power in good order and nearly new, with all the fixtures for two circular saws, which we will sell for cash or will rent the building. J. MYERS & SON, Feb. 6'62—1m Washington, N. C.

### HARNES AND SHOE MAKERS.

Can find work at good prices by calling on M. B. TAYLOR. Feb 6'62—6t.

### Stop the Thief.

TAKEN from my Livery Stable in Raleigh, a red roan horse, and buggy. Said horse has the "scratches" in the left hind foot, very bad, so much so that he is lame; and he is spavined in one of his hind legs, but which is not recollected. The man is a small, thick-set man, with fair skin and black hair, rather long. He had a black suit of clothes, well worn, and looked as if he had been a fireman or engineer on the Railroad, as his clothes were slick and greasy. I will give fifty dollars reward for the information enabling me to recover my horse and buggy. JAS. M. HARRIS. Feb 5-5'62m

### Sale of Town Lots.

CALHOUN, MITCHELL CO., FEBRUARY 21, 1862.

THE undersigned, Commissioners, appointed by the General Assembly to lay off and sell the town lots of Calhoun, the county seat of Mitchell County, having performed the duty of laying off said town, hereby give notice as follows: That the said lots will be sold to the highest bidder at said town of Calhoun, on Monday February 17th, 1862. Terms of sale one and two years.

TILMAN BLAYLOCK, EBERHOLD, JORDEN & HARDING, Commissioners. ISSAIO & PARSONS.

(Note) The above affords an excellent opportunity to the friends of the improvement of the immediate vicinity of Lewisville Falls, the "Falls of the Mountains," situated on the Grandfather, Roanoke and Black Mountains. It is a very accessible place, being 20 miles from Morganton, 30 miles from Boone, 30 miles from Asheville and 30 miles from Salisbury. Jan. 28'62—4v.

### Notice.

FROM and after this day, I will sell goods for Cash and Cash only. My Customers have forced me to adopt the Cash system, by their neglecting to pay past dues. A. A. N. M. TAYLOR. Aug. 14—4t.

### J. Y. BRYCE & CO.

DEALERS IN Cotton and All Kinds of Produce. TRADE STREET, CHARLOTTE, N. C. All orders attended to with dispatch. April 6'62

### CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.

R. N. HUTCHISON & Co. RETAIL DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oils, Fats, Vaseline, Window Glass, Putty, Pyrex, Turpentine, Burning Oil, Alcohol, Pure Liqueurs, Stationery, Fluid and Garden Seeds, &c., &c. Having closed our books, we intend to retire for cash. (May 4, 1861—4t)

### INK MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber has commenced the manufacture of a beautiful

### BLACK WRITING INK.

It is made from an English recipe, and is remarkable for its brilliancy of color and freedom from all sediments or drops. Orders from dealers will be filled with promptness, and at as moderate prices as they have been furnished heretofore. Samples sent upon request. Address W. E. JOHNSON, Columbus, G. O. April 20—4t

### REMOVAL.

THE subscriber begs to inform the public that he has removed his Shop to No. 44 EXETER ST. where he is prepared with a full stock of

### GOODS, FINE FURNITURE, &c.

To supply all who may favor him with call. Having secured the services of one of the best Outfitters in the South, he feels satisfied that he can please the most fastidious. J. S. PHILLIPS. Oct. 9—4t

### Atlantic, Tenn. & O. R. R.

Charges on this Road must be prepaid on all Freight going to Stations on the Road where there are no Agents. Freight will be delivered at all Stations at the following rates: As per 1861-62 Rates. Freight Agent, Atlantic, Tenn. & O. R. R. January 20, 1862—4t

### TO OUR READERS.

For the purpose of settling our outstanding business to this date, our firm will change its style on the 1st day of January 1862, to WILLIAMS & OATES, who will continue the business at the old stand of the subscribers. We earnestly request our customers to come forward and settle their indebtedness, as business cannot be carried on without money.

The ready seal with which both parties have volunteered to serve their country is a claim upon you which should not be overlooked nor should you withhold your just due cause a total sacrifice of their business. OATES & WILLIAMS. Dec. 30, '61.

### ARTILLERISTS FOR THE WAR.

ARTILLERISTS, to serve during the present

### WAR.

under the CONFEDERATE FLAG, are wanted, and will be paid under Confederate Rules, entitled to all the benefits provided for.

For further particulars apply to Capt. W. A. OWENS, Charlotte, N. C. Jan 29 '62—4 3/4w.

### ABLE-BODIED MEN WANTED.

FOR THE ARMY OF NORTH CAROLINA, FOR THE WAR.

For further particulars enquire at the Post Office. Dec. 21, 1861—4t. E. A. ROSS.

### A CARD.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he is prepared to give private lessons, at the residence of the pupils, on the Piano, Guitar, Violin and Melodion, and in drawing and the modern languages. Terms moderate. R. F. HUNT. Professor at the Charlotte Fem. Col. Jan 6'62—2dt

### GOLD! GOLD!! GOLD!!!

Five Hundred Ounces

WANTED AT J. F. BUTLER'S Jewellery Store, Opposite Kerr's Hotel. N. B. The highest cash price paid for gold and silver. Jan 18 '62—413\*

### THOMPSON & BARNES,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND MERCHANTS, 23 & 25 COMMON STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA. Orders for Sugar, Molasses, &c., solicited. With an experience of twenty years, we feel confident of giving satisfaction. Jan 18 '62—43m

### DISOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE FIRM OF BURROWS & PASCHALL is this day dissolved by mutual consent. T. J. BURROWS is authorized to close up all outstanding accounts. Persons having claims against this firm will present them as soon as possible for settlement, and those indebted will please come forward and settle.

T. J. BURROWS, T. J. PASCHALL. Charlotte, Jan. 13, 1862. Jan 14 '62—4t

### CHEAP FOR CASH.

100 BOXES MEDIUM TOBACCO, AT WHOLESALE PRICES, FOR SALE BY KARL LANDFRIED, CHARLOTTE, N. C. January 25, 1861—4t

### To be Rented.

Will be rented on the 3rd day of March next, at the residence of THE WILSON, deceased, THE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS with the improvements attached thereto, and the furniture of the house, &c. This well known property is two miles east of Shelby, Cleveland county, N. C. Terms will be made known on the day of renting. At the same time and place will be sold, CORN, WHEAT, OATS, and FODDER. C. O. WILSON, S. A. WILSON, E. WILSON. Feb 1—4 1/2m

### WOOD SHEDS.

Now on hand and for sale 100 PAIR OF WOOD SHEDS. Apply to Feb 3, 43t—w3w. S. M. HOWELL.

### BROOM CORN WANTED.